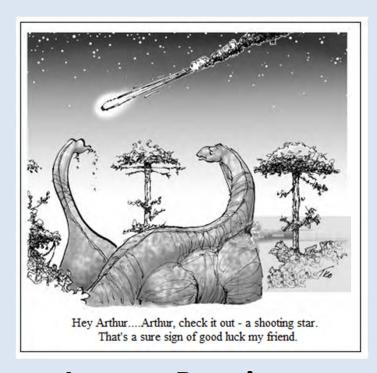


#### Mitigation 101



# Jeanne Bunting State Hazard Mitigation Officer Kansas Division of Emergency Management





#### Mitgation

 Hazard mitigation is any <u>sustained</u> action taken to reduce or eliminate long-term risk to people and property from natural hazards and their effects.

Source: Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Desk Reference, page 1-1, 10/1999;

online link: <a href="http://www.fema.gov/library">http://www.fema.gov/library</a>





Under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act governments are required to develop a hazard mitigation plan as a condition for receiving certain types of nonemergency disaster assistance, including funding for mitigation projects.





# Regional Plans – 1<sup>st</sup> Step

**Status:** 

**Update Complete:** 

Regions: G, H, J, K

In Process:

Regions: E and F

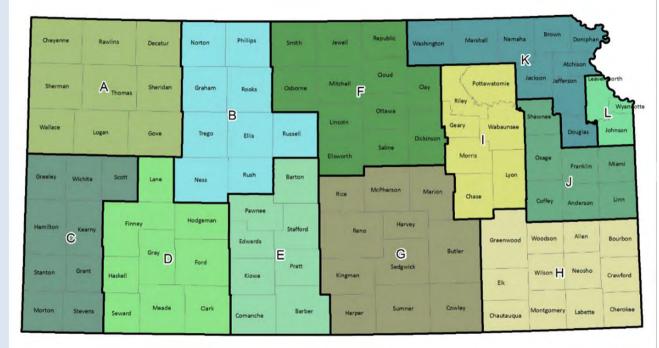
**Scheduled Kickoffs:** 

Regions: C and D (Nov)

**Currently being Reviewed:** 

Region L

#### **Kansas Mitigation Regions**





Provided By: Kansas Adjutant General's Department, Division of Emergency Management - GIS (2017)





#### Mitigation Plan Tidbits

- Voluntary
- Actions are the meat and potatoes
- Biggest concern: lack of participation



"Well, here we go again. ... Did anyone here not eat his or her homework on the way to school?"



### What Does a Mitigation Plan Do For You?

- Opens up Streams of Funding...!!!...!!!
  - PDM
  - FMA
  - Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Post Fire
  - HMGP





#### 2009 - 2019

- For Disasters DR1868 DR4449 (10 year period) the State of Kansas has received \$39.5M.
- Total Projects submitted approximately 123
- Projects: (some)

• Safe rooms -58 Acq/DEMO -4

• Warning Sirens - 25 Generators – 3

• Flood Wall - 1 GIS – 5

Weather Radios - 1 Advanced Asst - 1





#### Pre Disaster Mitigation (PDM)

- Competitive (U.S. and it's territories)
- Before an event
- Requires a match of 25%
- Requires an Approved Hazard Mitigation Plan



## Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

- Prevent or reduce future loss of lives and property through cost-effective mitigation measures
- Minimize the costs of future disaster response and recovery
- Requires a match from entity (25%)
- After a Presidential Declaration
- Requires an approved mitigation plan





#### How to Use HMGP

- Examples of projects include:
  - Elevating flood-prone homes or businesses;
  - Acquiring (and either demolishing or relocating) flood-prone homes from willing owners and returning the property to open space;
  - Retrofitting buildings to minimize damage from high winds, flooding, earthquakes, and other hazards; and
  - Implementing minor flood control projects to protect critical facilities.
  - Constructing safe rooms inside schools or other buildings in tornado-prone areas
- HMGP funding is allocated using a "sliding scale" formula based on the percentage
  of the funds spent on Public and Individual Assistance programs for each
  Presidentially-declared disaster. For States with a Standard State Mitigation Plan,
  the formula provides 15 percent of the first \$2 billion of estimated aggregate
  amounts of disaster assistance.
- When funds are available, KDEM utilizes a Notice of Intent process for reviewing and selecting projects. A state and county-level committee sets mitigation priorities and awards grants based on available funding and State criteria. FEMA conducts the final eligibility review to ensure that all projects are compliant with

# Flood Mitigation Assistance Grante Program

- Long term risk of flood damage to structures
- Program management costs
- Requires a match from entity (25%)
- Must participate in the NFIP
- Repetitive Loss (90% funded)
- Severe Repetitive Loss (100% funded)
- Requires an approved Hazard Mitigation Plan



# Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Post Fire

- After a Declaration for Wildland Fire
- Must Initially go for Fire Related Projects
- Requires a match from entity (25%)
- Requires an approved Hazard Mitigation Plan





# DRRA - Highlights

- Greater investment in mitigation, before a disaster:
   BRIC
  - Funded through the Disaster Relief Fund as a 6% set aside from disaster expenses
  - Focus is on funding public infrastructure projects that increase community resilience before a disaster occurs
  - Funding for PDM used to rely on congressional appropriations which varied year to year. This program provides a more reliable stream of funding, and quite a bit more of that funding.
- Increases Administrative Costs when implementing Hazard Mitigation projects (15%....5% is for the subexecipient)



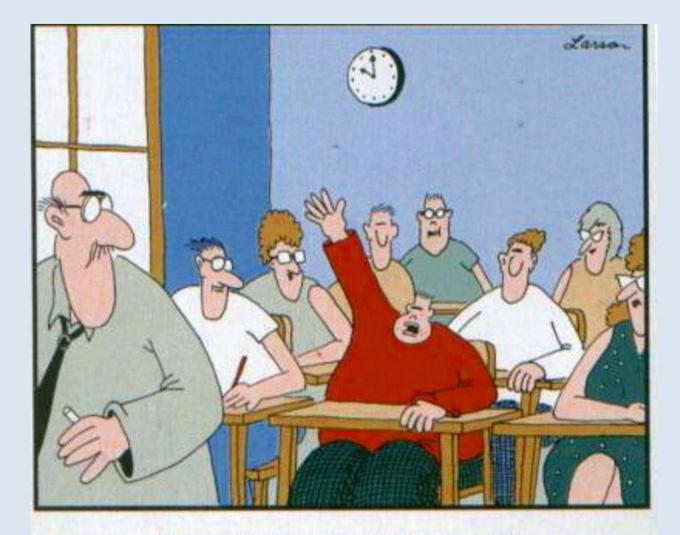
### Many More Provisions

- Wildfire Prevention
  - Expands Eligible Wildfire Activities
    - (reseeding groundcover with native species, installing utility poles structures with poles resilient to extreme winds, etc.)
- Water Resources Development Project
  - Water resource development projects that also fall within the authority of the USACE.
- Closeout Incentives
- Many Public Assistance provisions.....
- For more info the following link is available:

https://www.fema.gov/disaster-recovery-reform-act-2018







"Mr. Osborne, may I be excused? My brain is full."





# Questions

